RPRA
Resource Productivity & Recovery Authority

Compliance Bulletin
Tire Collection Systems
Issued 2018

Amended January 2026

1.0 Purpose **2**

1.1 Overview of changes to collection system requirements as of January 1, 2025 2

2.0 Large Producer Requirements **2**

2.1 Population-based collection system 3
2.2 Retail collection system 3
2.3 Operation of a public collection site 3
2.4 Private collection sites 4
2.5 Timelines to manage tires picked up from collection sites 4
2.6 Call-in collection 4

3.0 Small Producer Requirements **5**

3.1 Retail collection system 5
3.2 Operation of a public collection site 5
3.3 Private collection sites 6
3.4 Timelines to manage tires picked up from collection sites 6

4.0 Producers of Large Tires Requirements **6**

5.0 Producers without Retail Locations **6**

6.0 Reducing the Number of Required Collection Sites **7**

7.0 Collection Sites in Adjacent Municipalities **7**

8.0 Collection and Management System Reporting **7**

9.0 Additional Resources **8**

Schedule A: Number of collection sites required for communities (municipalities and territorial districts) **9**

Revision History **22**

1.0 Purpose

This document provides compliance guidance to **producers** and **producer responsibility organizations (PROs)** who are required to establish and operate tire collection systems under the Tires Regulation - O. Reg. 225/18 ("the regulation").

The intent of the collection system requirement is to ensure that the public can access collection sites across Ontario to drop off their used tires for free to be recycled, reused or retreaded. This requirement is separate from a producer's requirement to manage used tires collected from a collection site or through other collection activities.

Tire producers are required to establish and operate a collection system for tires that meets each individual producer's requirements as outlined in Sections 1.0, 2.0, 3.0 and 4.0 of this document. The requirements to establish and operate a collection system can be achieved by the producer or by a PRO on the producer's behalf. While the regulation requires each producer to establish and operate a compliant public collection system, the regulation also allows multiple producers to rely on the same collection site to meet this requirement. Refer to RPRA's Collection System and Minimum Management Requirements Guideline for what is required to support the establishment and operation of collection sites.

1.1 Overview of changes to collection system requirements as of January 1, 2025

As of January 1, 2025, amendments to the Tires Regulation made by the Government of Ontario came into effect. Below is a summary of the collection system changes. Details are further outlined throughout this document.

- Removal of the requirement for operators of collection sites to keep records if a person drops off more than 10 tires.
- On-demand collection services to be provided to First Nation communities in the Far North.
- The addition of a geographic offsetting provision to allow alternative collection sites in adjacent municipalities.
- Allowing all municipal collection sites, including those that are open on a seasonal basis or open for a limited number of days per week throughout the year, to count as permanent sites.
- The ability for public collection events to replace up to 25% of required collection sites.
- The reduction of the number of collection sites required in municipalities with populations of more than 500,000.

2.0 Large Producer Requirements

Under the regulation, a producer, other than a producer who only supplies large tires, with an average weight of supply of 11,765 kilograms or more of tires in a calendar year is considered a large producer.

The regulation requires each large producer to establish and operate a public collection system across Ontario, based on the population of each municipality or territorial district ("community") or by establishing a retail collection system. Large producers are also required to provide call-in collection service.

2.1 Population-based collection system

The number of public collection sites required in each community for a population-based collection system is calculated using the census population and the requirements in the regulation. See the number of collection sites required in Schedule A.

2.2 Retail collection system

A large producer can meet their collection system requirements by establishing as many tire collection sites equal to or greater than 75% of the number of retail locations in that municipality or territorial district that supplied the producer's tires, rounded up to the nearest whole number.

For example, if there are 10 retail locations in the community that supply a producer's tires, the producer would be required to establish 8 collection sites in that community. The collection sites do not have to be the producer's retail locations.

Some communities do not have a retail location that sell a producer's tires. If a producer still supplied tires or vehicles with tires into one of these communities in the previous calendar year, the producer must still provide a tire collection site there. In these cases, the number of required collection sites is determined based on population.

At least one tire collection site is required in municipalities with a population of 5,000 or more, or territorial districts with a population of 1,000 or more, where a producer does not supply tires. Producers must use the most recent official census data reported by Statistics Canada when determining collection site requirements for the current year.

2.3 Operation of a public collection site

It is both a producer's and PRO's responsibility to ensure collection sites comply with the below requirements.

Public collection sites are required to:

- Accept small tires;
- Accept tires that are still attached to rims;
- Accept (at a minimum) up to 10 tires per day from any person that are of a similar rim size and weight as those supplied at that location if the site is part of a retail location;
- Accept (at a minimum) up to 10 passenger and light truck tires from any person if the site is owned or operated by a municipality, local services board or the Crown;
- Be operated and accept tires during normal business hours throughout the year if the tire collection site is not a municipality or local services board*;
- Be readily accessible to the public; and

- Be serviced to continue operating throughout the calendar year on a reasonable frequency that ensures the site, as an example, continues to meet regulatory requirements (e.g., remains accessible to the public) and does not accumulate obligated material to the point that there is a safety risk or operational challenge to the site operators and the public.

*Note: Municipal and local services board collection sites are permitted to operate seasonally or for a limited number of days per week.

A producer is required to establish and operate a public collection system, even if the public collection system collects more tires than the producer requires to meet their minimum management requirements. This applies to obligated producers regardless of their market share or supply weight, or whether the producer contracts with a PRO or a service provider to carry out these functions.

Producers or their PROs must ensure continued and regular service is provided for the collection, handling and transportation of materials throughout the calendar year on a reasonable frequency that ensures the site remains accessible to the public and does not accumulate obligated material to the point that there is a safety risk or operational challenge to the site operators and the public.

2.4 Private collection sites

Producers or their PRO can set up collection sites that do not meet the above requirements, such as a private business or fleet operator that generates used tires from servicing their own vehicles. Private collection sites may be used to achieve management requirements but cannot be used to meet the requirements of a public collection system.

2.5 Timelines to manage tires picked up from collection sites

Producers with minimum management requirements must ensure all used tires collected in a calendar year for the purpose of satisfying the management target for that calendar year, are managed (reused, retreaded or processed) by March 31 of the following calendar year.

Tires picked up by a registered hauler on behalf of a producer or PRO from a public or private collection site may only be attributed to the minimum management requirement of the calendar year in which they were picked up. They may be managed by March 31 of the following year in accordance with the processing deadline above but cannot be attributed to any future year’s requirement.

2.6 Call-in collection

Large producers, or their PRO, are required to provide call-in service to Ontario Crown sites, municipal sites, local services boards and First Nation reserves, not located in the Far North, once they have collected more than 200 tires. Once they have accumulated more than 200 tires and notified the producer or PRO, the tires must be collected within one year.

Call-in service must also be provided to First Nation reserves in the Far North. Once they have accumulated more than 200 tires and have notified the producer or PRO, the producer or PRO must make reasonable efforts to pick up the tires within one year.

3.0 Small Producer Requirements

Under the regulation, a producer with an average weight of supply between 1,175 kilograms and 11,765 kilograms of tires in a calendar year is considered a small producer.

3.1 Retail collection system

Each small producer is required to establish and operate at least one tire collection site in each municipality that had a retail location that supplied the producer's tires or vehicles with tires in the previous calendar year. In territorial districts, a small producer must establish and operate at least one tire collection site within 30 km of each retail location that supplied the producer's tires or vehicles with tires in the previous calendar year.

Small producers can also choose to meet their requirements by establishing and operating a population-based collection system as required by large producers in section 2.1 and Schedule A of this document.

3.2 Operation of a public collection site

It is both a producer's and PRO's responsibility to ensure collection sites comply with the below requirements.

Public collection sites are required to:

- Accept small tires;
- Accept tires that are still attached to rims;
- Accept (at a minimum) up to 10 tires per day from any person that are of a similar rim size and weight as those supplied at that location if the site is part of a retail location;
- Accept (at a minimum) up to 10 passenger and light truck tires from any person if the site is owned or operated by a municipality, local services board of the Crown
- Be operated and accept tires during normal business hours throughout the year if the tire collection site is not a municipality or local services board*;
- Be readily accessible to the public; and
- Be serviced to continue operating (i.e., tires continue to be collected and hauled to a processor or retreader).

*Note: Municipal and local services board collection sites are permitted to operate seasonally or for a limited number of days per week.

A producer is required to establish and operate a public collection system, even if the public collection system collects more tires than the producer requires to meet their minimum management requirements. This applies to obligated producers regardless of their market share or supply weight, or whether the producer contracts with a PRO or a service provider to carry out these functions.

Producers or their PROs must ensure continued and regular service is provided for the collection, handling and transportation of materials throughout the calendar year on a reasonable frequency that ensures the site remains accessible to the public

and does not accumulate obligated material to the point that there is a safety risk or operational challenge to the site operators and the public.

3.3 Private collection sites

Producers or their PRO can set up collection sites that do not meet the above requirements, such as a private business or fleet operator that generates used tires from servicing their own vehicles. Private collection sites may be used to achieve management requirements but cannot be used to meet the requirements of a public collection system.

3.4 Timelines to manage tires picked up from collection sites

Producers with minimum management requirements must ensure all used tires collected in a calendar year for the purpose of satisfying the management target for that calendar year, are managed (reused, retreaded or processed) by March 31 of the following calendar year.

Tires picked up by a registered hauler on behalf of a producer or PRO from a public or private collection site may only be attributed to the minimum management requirement of the calendar year in which they were picked up. They may be managed by March 31 of the following year in accordance with the processing deadline above but cannot be attributed to any future year's requirement.

4.0 Producers of Large Tires Requirements

As outlined in RPRA's Registry Procedure – Weight Conversion Factors (Tires), tires that weigh 700 kg or more are considered large tires.

Each producer that supplies large tires or a vehicle on which large tires are provided to the public in Ontario is required to provide one of the following at no charge:

1. A service through which the producer's tires are collected from the public.
2. A courier service through which the public can return the producer's tires to the producer, including the provision of necessary packaging or shipping materials.

5.0 Producers without Retail Locations

Each producer, other than a producer that only supplies large tires, whose sole means of supplying tires or vehicles on which tires are provided to consumers in Ontario is through the Internet, using a catalogue or telephone order system or by any other remote sales method, must operate a tire collection program that provides for one of the following at no charge:

- a service through which the producer's tires are collected from consumers; or,
- a mail or courier service through which consumers may return the producer's tires to the producer, including the provision of necessary packaging or shipping materials.

For example, if tires are provided to consumers through home delivery, the producer could provide a pickup or courier service at no charge to collect the used tires.

Producers without retail locations can also choose to meet their requirements by establishing and operating a population-based collection system as required by large producers, as outlined in section 2.1 and Schedule A of this document.

6.0 Reducing the Number of Required Collection Sites

A producer can replace up to 25% of the total number of required collection sites in Ontario with the same number of public collection events. For example, if the producer is required to establish 100 collection sites in Ontario, the producer could replace up to 25 sites with collection events, regardless of their location.

A collection event must be readily accessible to the public, operate for at least four consecutive hours on the day it is held, and accept all tires other than large tires.

Collection events held on separate days are considered separate events. For example, collection events held over a Saturday and Sunday count as two events.

Producers and PROs are encouraged to contact RPRA if they have questions about reducing the number of required collection sites.

7.0 Collection Sites in Adjacent Municipalities

A producer that is required to establish and operate a collection site in a specific municipality (the “base municipality”) can choose to fulfill that requirement by establishing and operating a collection site in an adjacent local municipality. The collection site in the adjacent municipality must accept the same tires that would have been accepted at the required site in the base municipality.

A collection site cannot be used to fulfill the requirements of more than one municipality. Up to 10% of the total number of required collection sites can be established in an adjacent municipality. For example, if the producer is required to provide 200 collection sites across Ontario, they could establish a maximum of 20 sites in adjacent municipalities.

8.0 Collection and Management System Reporting

Producers or their PRO are required to report the following (as applicable) annually through RPRA’s registry:

- The name, address, email, and phone number for each site that is part of a collection system, including a primary contact person for the site.
    - Reporting this information indicates that the producer or PRO will ensure the collection sites are in compliance.

- The details of any collection services provided by the producer that are available other than at a tire collection site and details of any tire collection sites in adjacent municipalities.
- The name and contact information of every hauler, processor, and retreader that is part of the producer's tire collection or management system.

9.0 Additional Resources

- FAQs about tire collection systems
- Collection System and Minimum Management Requirements Guideline
- Still have questions? Contact our Compliance and Registry Team at registry@rpra.ca or 1-833-600-0530 for support.

Schedule A: Number of collection sites required for communities (municipalities and territorial districts)

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Addington Highlands	2,534	1
Adelaide-Metcalfe	3,011	2
Adjala-Tosorontio	10,989	4
Admaston/Bromley	2,995	1
Ajax	126,666	43
Alberton	954	0
Alfred and Plantagenet	9,949	4
Algonquin Highlands	2,588	1
Alnwick/Haldimand	7,473	3
Amaranth	4,327	2
Amherstburg	23,524	8
Armour	1,459	1
Armstrong	1,199	1
Arnprior	9,629	4
Arran-Elderslie	6,913	3
Ashfield-Colborne-Wawanosh	5,884	2
Asphodel-Norwood	4,658	2
Assiginack	1,008	1
Athens	3,042	2
Atikokan	2,642	1
Augusta	7,386	3
Aurora	62,057	21
Aylmer	7,699	3
Baldwin	579	0
Bancroft	4,065	2
Barrie	147,829	50
Bayham	7,096	3
Beckwith	9,021	4
Belleville	55,071	19
Billings	753	0
Black River-Matheson	2,572	1

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Blandford-Blenheim	7,565	3
Blind River	3,422	2
Bluewater	7,540	3
Bonfield	2,146	1
Bonnechere Valley	3,898	2
Bracebridge	17,305	6
Bradford West Gwillimbury	42,880	15
Brampton	656,480	194 - updated
Brant	39,474	14
Brantford	104,688	35
Brethour	105	0
Brighton	12,108	5
Brock	12,567	5
Brockton	9,784	4
Brockville	22,116	8
Brooke-Alvinston	2,359	1
Bruce Mines	582	0
Brudenell, Lyndoch and Raglan	1,552	1
Burk's Falls	957	0
Burlington	186,948	63
Burpee and Mills	382	0
Caledon	76,581	26
Callander	3,964	2
Calvin	557	0
Cambridge	138,479	47
Carleton Place	12,517	5
Carling	1,491	1
Carlow/Mayo	953	0
Casey	341	0
Casselman	3,960	2
Cavan-Monaghan	10,016	4
Central Elgin	13,746	5
Central Frontenac	4,892	2

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Central Huron	7,799	3
Central Manitoulin	2,235	1
Centre Hastings	4,801	2
Centre Wellington	31,093	11
Chamberlain	311	0
Champlain	8,665	3
Chapleau	1,942	1
Chapple	763	0
Charlton and Dack	686	0
Chatham-Kent	103,988	35
Chatsworth	7,080	3
Chisholm	1,312	1
Clarence-Rockland	26,505	9
Clarington	101,427	34
Clearview	14,814	5
Cobalt	989	0
Cobourg	20,519	7
Cochrane	5,390	2
Cockburn Island	16	0
Coleman	517	0
Collingwood	24,811	9
Conmee	798	0
Cornwall	47,845	16
Cramahe	6,509	3
Dawn-Euphemia	1,968	1
Dawson	399	0
Deep River	4,175	2
Deseronto	1,747	1
Dorion	375	0
Douro-Dummer	7,632	3
Drummond/North Elmsley	8,183	3
Dryden	7,388	3
Dubreuilville	576	0

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Dutton/Dunwich	4,152	2
Dysart, Dudley, Harcourt, Guilford, Harburn, Bruton, Havelock, Eyre and Clyde	7,182	3
Ear Falls	924	0
East Ferris	4,946	2
East Garafraxa	2,794	1
East Gwillimbury	34,637	12
East Hawkesbury	3,418	2
East Zorra-Tavistock	7,841	3
Edwardsburgh/Cardinal	7,505	3
Elizabethtown-Kitley	9,545	4
Elliot Lake	11,372	4
Emo	1,204	1
Englehart	1,442	1
Enniskillen	2,825	1
Erin	11,981	4
Espanola	5,185	2
Essa	22,970	8
Essex	21,216	8
Evanturel	502	0
Faraday	1,612	1
Fauquier-Strickland	467	0
Fort Erie	32,901	11
Fort Frances	7,466	3
French River	2,828	1
Front of Yonge	2,595	1
Frontenac Islands	1,930	1
Gananoque	5,383	2
Gauthier	151	0
Georgian Bay	3,441	2
Georgian Bluffs	11,100	4
Georgina	47,642	16
Gillies	441	0

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Goderich	7,881	3
Gordon/Barrie Island	613	0
Gore Bay	808	0
Grand Valley	3,851	2
Gravenhurst	13,157	5
Greater Madawaska	2,864	1
Greater Napanee	16,879	6
Greater Sudbury	166,004	56
Greenstone	4,309	2
Grey Highlands	10,424	4
Grimsby	28,883	10
Guelph	143,740	48
Guelph/Eramosa	13,904	5
Haldimand	49,216	17
Halton Hills	62,951	21
Hamilton	569,353	179 - updated
Hamilton/Northumberland	11,059	4
Hanover	7,967	3
Harley	524	0
Harris	530	0
Hastings Highlands	4,385	2
Havelock-Belmont-Methuen	5,083	2
Hawkesbury	10,194	4
Head, Clara and Maria	267	0
Hearst	4,794	2
Highlands East	3,830	2
Hilliard	215	0
Hilton	382	0
Hilton Beach	198	0
Hornepayne	968	0
Horton	3,182	2
Howick	4,045	2
Hudson	530	0

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Huntsville	21,147	8
Huron East	9,512	4
Huron Shores	1,860	1
Huron-Kinloss	7,723	3
Ignace	1,206	1
Ingersoll	13,693	5
Innisfil	43,326	15
Iroquois Falls	4,418	2
James	348	0
Jocelyn	314	0
Johnson	749	0
Joly	293	0
Kapuskasing	8,057	3
Kawartha Lakes	79,247	27
Kearney	974	0
Kenora	14,967	5
Kerns	330	0
Killaloe, Hagarty and Richards	2,410	1
Killarney	397	0
Kincardine	12,268	5
King	27,333	10
Kingston	132,485	45
Kingsville	22,119	8
Kirkland Lake	7,750	3
Kitchener	256,885	86
La Vallee	788	0
Laird	1,121	1
Lake of Bays	3,759	2
Lake of the Woods	308	0
Lakeshore	40,410	14
Lambton Shores	11,876	4
Lanark Highlands	5,737	2
Larder Lake	745	0
LaSalle	32,721	11

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Latchford	355	0
Laurentian Hills	2,885	1
Laurentian Valley	9,450	4
Leamington	29,680	10
Leeds and the Thousand Islands	9,804	4
Limerick	436	0
Lincoln	25,719	9
London	422,324	141
Loyalist	17,943	6
Lucan Biddulph	5,680	2
Macdonald, Meredith and Aberdeen Additional	1,513	1
Machar	969	0
Machin	1,012	1
Madawaska Valley	3,927	2
Madoc	2,233	1
Magnetawan	1,753	1
Malahide	9,308	4
Manitouwadge	1,974	1
Mapleton	10,839	4
Marathon	3,138	2
Markham	338,503	113
Markstay-Warren	2,708	1
Marmora and Lake	4,267	2
Matachewan	268	0
Mattawa	1,881	1
Mattawan	153	0
Mattice-Val Côté	542	0
McDougall	2,744	1
McGarry	579	0
McKellar	1,419	1
McMurrich/Monteith	907	0
McNab/Braeside	7,591	3
Meaford	11,485	4

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Melancthon	3,132	2
Merrickville-Wolford	3,135	2
Middlesex Centre	18,928	7
Midland	17,817	6
Milton	132,979	45
Minden Hills	6,971	3
Minto	9,094	4
Mississauga	717,961	204 - updated
Mississippi Mills	14,740	5
Mono	9,421	4
Montague	3,914	2
Moonbeam	1,157	1
Moosonee	1,512	1
Morley	493	0
Morris-Turnberry	3,590	2
Mulmur	3,571	2
Muskoka Lakes	7,652	3
Nairn and Hyman	373	0
Neebing	2,241	1
New Tecumseth	43,948	15
Newbury	440	0
Newmarket	87,942	30
Niagara Falls	94,415	32
Niagara-on-the-Lake	19,088	7
Nipigon	1,473	1
Nipissing	1,769	1
Norfolk	67,490	23
North Algona Wilberforce	3,111	2
North Bay	52,662	18
North Dumfries	10,619	4
North Dundas	11,304	4
North Frontenac	2,285	1
North Glengarry	10,144	4
North Grenville	17,964	6

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
North Huron	5,052	2
North Kawartha	2,877	1
North Middlesex	6,307	3
North Perth	15,538	6
North Stormont	7,400	3
Northeastern Manitoulin and the Islands	2,641	1
Northern Bruce Peninsula	4,404	2
Norwich	11,151	4
Oakville	213,759	72
O'Connor	689	0
Oil Springs	647	0
Oliver Paipoonge	6,035	3
Opasatika	200	0
Orangeville	30,167	11
Orillia	33,411	12
Oro-Medonte	23,017	8
Oshawa	175,383	59
Otonabee-South Monaghan	7,087	3
Ottawa	1,017,449	254 - updated
Owen Sound	21,612	8
Papineau-Cameron	982	0
Parry Sound	6,879	3
Pelee	230	0
Pelham	18,192	7
Pembroke	14,364	5
Penetanguishene	10,077	4
Perry	2,650	1
Perth	6,469	3
Perth East	12,595	5
Perth South	3,776	2
Petawawa	18,160	7
Peterborough	83,651	28

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Petrolia	6,013	3
Pickering	99,186	34
Pickle Lake	398	0
Plummer Additional	757	0
Plympton-Wyoming	8,308	3
Point Edward	1,930	1
Port Colborne	20,033	7
Port Hope	17,294	6
Powassan	3,346	2
Prescott	4,078	2
Prince	975	0
Prince Edward	25,704	9
Puslinch	7,944	3
Quinte West	46,560	16
Rainy River	752	0
Ramara	10,377	4
Red Lake	4,094	2
Red Rock	895	0
Renfrew	8,190	3
Richmond Hill	202,022	68
Rideau Lakes	10,883	4
Russell	19,598	7
Ryerson	745	0
Sables-Spanish Rivers	3,237	2
Sarnia	72,047	25
Saugeen Shores	15,908	6
Sault Ste. Marie	72,051	25
Schreiber	1,039	1
Scugog	21,581	8
Seguin	5,280	2
Selwyn	18,653	7
Severn	14,576	5
Shelburne	8,994	3
Shuniah	3,247	2

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Sioux Lookout	5,839	2
Sioux Narrows-Nestor Falls	727	0
Smiths Falls	9,254	4
Smooth Rock Falls	1,200	1
South Algonquin	1,055	1
South Bruce	5,880	2
South Bruce Peninsula	9,137	4
South Dundas	11,044	4
South Frontenac	20,188	7
South Glengarry	13,330	5
South Huron	10,063	4
South River	1,101	1
South Stormont	13,570	5
Southgate	8,716	3
Southwest Middlesex	5,893	2
South-West Oxford	7,583	3
Southwold	4,851	2
Spanish	670	0
Springwater	21,701	8
St. Catharines	136,803	46
St. Charles	1,357	1
St. Clair	14,659	5
St. Joseph	1,426	1
St. Marys	7,386	3
St. Thomas	42,840	15
Stirling-Rawdon	5,015	2
Stone Mills	7,826	3
Stratford	33,232	12
Strathroy-Caradoc	23,871	8
Strong	1,566	1
Sundridge	938	0
Tarbutt and Tarbutt Additional	573	0
Tay	11,091	4

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Tay Valley	5,925	2
Tecumseh	23,300	8
Tehkummah	450	0
Temagami	862	0
Temiskaming Shores	9,634	4
Terrace Bay	1,528	1
Thames Centre	13,980	5
The Archipelago	979	0
The Blue Mountains	9,390	4
The Nation	13,350	5
The North Shore	531	0
Thessalon	1,260	1
Thornloe	92	0
Thorold	23,816	8
Thunder Bay	108,843	37
Tillsonburg	18,615	7
Timmins	41,145	14
Tiny	12,966	5
Toronto	2,794,356	550 - updated
Trent Hills	13,861	5
Trent Lakes	6,439	3
Tudor and Cashel	740	0
Tweed	6,067	3
Tyendinaga	4,538	2
Uxbridge	21,556	8
Val Rita-Harty	757	0
Vaughan	323,103	108
Wainfleet	6,887	3
Warwick	3,641	2
Wasaga Beach	24,862	9
Waterloo	121,436	41
Wawa	2,705	1
Welland	55,750	19
Wellesley	11,318	4

Municipality	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population	Collection Sites Required
Wellington North	12,431	5
West Elgin	5,060	2
West Grey	13,131	5
West Lincoln	15,454	6
West Nipissing	14,583	5
West Perth	9,038	4
Westport	634	0
Whitby	138,501	47
Whitchurch-Stouffville	49,864	17
White River	557	0
Whitestone	1,075	1
Whitewater	7,225	3
Wilmot	21,429	8
Windsor	229,660	77
Wollaston	721	0
Woodstock	46,705	16
Woolwich	26,999	9
Zorra	8,628	3

Territorial District	2021 Census	Large Producers s. 6 para. 2.
Name	Population Outside Municipalities	Collection Sites Required
Algoma	9,215	1
Cochrane	5,752	1
Kenora	29,445	1
Manitoulin	5,029	1
Muskoka*	213	0
Nipissing	3,577	1
Parry Sound	3,651	1
Rainy River	3,668	1
Sudbury	3,762	1
Thunder Bay	9,837	1
Timiskaming	3,281	1

Revision History

Date	Revisions
Issued August 10 2018	N/A
Reviewed March 2019	None
Reviewed June 2022	Population data and collection site requirements updated with 2021 Census information
Reviewed May 2023	Updated tire collection system reporting process; information about large producer collection requirements added
Reviewed January 2026	Updated to: • Reflect the amendments to the Tires Regulation that came into effect January 1, 2025. See Overview of changes section for more information. • Align with Collection System and Minimum Management Requirements Guideline. • Improve readability of document.